# SUMMARY: **REPORT CARD ON ACCESS** TO OBESITY TREATMENT FOR ADULTS IN CANADA 2017



Obesity is a chronic disease that impacts the lives of millions of Canadians. But, how well are we doing at treating obesity in Canada? The Canadian Obesity Network has now examined access to publicly provided medical care for adults with obesity, including interventions covered by private health benefit plans.



# FACT: OBESITY IS TREATABLE

Obesity is a chronic disease requiring treatment approaches as recommended in the Canadian Clinical Practice Guidelines:



Specialists and interdisciplinary teams for behavioural intervention



Medically supervised weight-management programs with meal replacements







Did you know that the Canadian Medical Association, the American Medical Association, the World Health Organization and other international organizations have declared obesity a chronic disease?

### FACT:

Neither the federal government nor any of the provincial/territorial governments in Canada have recognized obesity as a chronic disease. This has a negative trickle-down effect on access to obesity treatment.

# ACCESS TO SPECIALISTS AND **INTERDISCIPLINARY TEAMS FOR BEHAVIOURAL INTERVENTION**

- Dietetic resources and programs are the most common health service available for obesity management.
- Access to exercise professionals at the primary care level is extremely limited.
- There is a significant lack of mental health support and cognitive behavioural therapy for obesity management outside the bariatric surgery route.
- There are significant gaps in access to interdisciplinary teams for obesity management.

### FACT:

A very limited number of Canadian physicians are



### pursuing formal training in obesity management.

 Medical schools do not routinely include obesity in their curriculum. Number of Canadian physicians who have completed certification through the American Board of Obesity Medicine

Number of physicians in Canada

## ACCESS TO MEDICALLY SUPERVISED WEIGHT-MANAGEMENT **PROGRAMS WITH MEAL** REPLACEMENTS

- Very few medically supervised weight-management programs with meal replacements exist in publicly funded healthcare systems.
- They are mainly used as a pre-surgery weight loss tool for patients on the bariatric surgery route.

# ETWEEN

Amount patients must pay out-ofpocket for meal replacement supplement

# ACCESS TO PRESCRIPTION **ANTI-OBESITY MEDICATIONS**

### Public Coverage

Two anti-obesity medications (Saxenda® and Xenical®) are approved in Canada. No provincial/territorial drug benefit plan covers the cost, nor do any of the Federal Public Drug Benefit Programs.

### Grading Access to Anti-Obesity Medications

### Criteria

- All Pharmacare programs cover both medications. Both medications are covered by more than one of the Pharmacare programs.
  - At least one of the medications is covered by more than one of the Pharmacare programs.
  - At least one of the medications is covered by one of the Pharmacare programs.
  - No Pharmacare programs cover either medication.

#### **Pharmacare Programs** in All the Provinces and Territories

Federal Public Drug Benefit Programs

### **Private Coverage**



In a sample of 45% of Canadians who have private drug insurance, only 8.8% had access to anti-obesity medications through their drug insurance plans.



Estimating the national coverage for anti-obesity medications, less than 20% of the Canadian population with private drug insurance plans have access to these medications.



